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CENTRO DE ESTUDIOS TECNOLÓGICOS INDUSTRIAL Y DE SERVICIOS No. 5
“GERTRUDIS BOCANEGRA”

GUÍA DE ESTUDIOS PARA EXAMEN EXTRAORDINARIO Y CURSO INTERSEMESTRAL INGLÉS III

NOMBRE: _____

GRUPO: _____

Estructura de WILL

★ Afirmativo

Sujeto + **will** + verbo + complemento (expresión de tiempo) ✓

- I **will** be a great doctor **in the future**. /
Seré un gran doctor en el futuro.



★ Negativo

Sujeto + **won't** + verbo + complemento (expresión de tiempo) ✗

- They **won't** come to the party **tonight**. /
Ellos **no vendrán** a la fiesta esta noche.



★ Interrogativo



(WH) + **will** + sujeto + verbo + comple. (expresión de tiempo)? ?

- **Will** he **cook** fish **tomorrow**? /
¿Él **cocinará** pescado mañana?

= Yes, he **will**. (Sí) = No, he **won't**. (No)



I. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING WILL:

1. If you help me I _____ (finish) sooner.
2. She _____ (visit) London next week.
3. These shoes are really dirty. I _____ (clean) them!
4. She _____ (be) eighteen on Monday.
5. It's very hot in here. I _____ (open) the window.
6. I _____ (go) to the party unless it rains.
7. I have got a special plan for the weekend. I _____ (learn) how to make a cake.
8. If you pass the exam I _____ (be) very proud of you.

II. COMPLETE THE PREDICTIONS USING WILL/WON'T.

1. In a hundred years, we _____ have schools. 2.
2. We _____ learn from computers at home.
3. We _____ do the washing up and we _____ tidy our houses.
4. We _____ have robots to help us.

5. We _____ go to the Moon on holiday.
6. We _____ buy things in shops. We _____ buy things on the Internet.
7. There _____ be any diseases, and we _____ live until we are 120 years old.

III. WRITE THE AFFIRMATIVE SENTENCES WITH WILL.

1. (I/do/this/later) _____
2. (we/go shopping) _____
3. (the sun/shine) _____
4. (Peter/call/you) _____
5. (they/be/there) _____
6. (the movie/soon/begin) _____
7. (tomorrow/sunny/it/be) _____
8. (traffic/stuck/we/get/in) _____
9. (the game/win/We/soccer) _____
10. (English/study/next/They/year) _____

IV. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES IN THE NEGATIVE FORM OF WILL

1. It (rain/not) _____ tomorrow.
2. I promise I (be/not) _____ late.
3. We (start/not) _____ to watch the film without you.
4. The bus (wait/not) _____ for us.
5. He (believe/not) _____ us.
6. I (go/not) _____ on vacation a month ago.
7. Becky (bake/not) _____ a cake.
8. Jacky (hug/not) _____ her teddy bear.
9. Tom (sell/not) _____ tickets.
10. Daniel (deliver/not) _____ a pizza.

V. FORMULATE INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES.

1. (what/learn/they) _____
2. (it/snow) _____
3. (when/you/get/home) _____
4. (she/forgive/me) _____
5. (what/say/he) _____
6. (who / drive / us / into town) _____
7. (where / we / meet) _____

8. (when / I / be / famous) _____
9. (what / you / do) _____
10. (when / she / be / back) _____

Be Going To - Estructura



AFIRMATIVA

Sujeto + **verbo to be** + **going to** + verbo base + complemento



- I **am going to visit** my father tomorrow.
Voy a visitar a mi papá mañana.



NEGATIVA

Sujeto + **verbo to be en negativo** + **going to** + verbo base + complemento



- They **aren't going to buy** a house.
Ellos **no van a comprar** una casa.



INTERROGATIVA

(Wh) + **verbo to be** + sujeto + **going to** + verbo base + complemento ?



- Is** she **going to drive** your car?
¿Ella **va a conducir** tu coche?
- What **are** you **going to study**?
¿Qué **vas a estudiar**?

= Yes, she **is**. (sí)

= No, she **isn't**. (No)



VI. PUT IN THE VERBS IN BRACKETS INTO THE GAPS AND FORM SENTENCES. USE GOING TO-FUTURE.

1. He _____ his friend. (to phone)
2. We _____ a new computer game. (to play)
3. My sister _____ TV. (to watch)
4. You _____ a picnic next Tuesday. (to have)
5. Jane _____ to the office. (to go)
6. They _____ to the bus stop this afternoon. (to walk)
7. His brother _____ a letter to his uncle today. (to write)
8. She _____ her aunt. (to visit)
9. I _____ my homework after school. (to do)
10. Sophie and Nick _____ their friends. (to meet)

VII. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING THE NEGATIVE OF GOING TO. DON'T FORGET TO USE THE SHORT FORM.

1. Don _____ write a letter at the weekend.
2. They _____ walk the dog later.
3. We _____ be at the party on Saturday night.
4. Therese _____ live in my house.
5. I _____ have a holiday this year.
6. You _____ see the new movie I saw last night.
7. Ian _____ go to class tomorrow.
8. Khalida _____ buy a new car next week.
9. We _____ visit George in hospital.
10. They _____ drive to work anymore.

VIII. CHANGE THE SENTENCES BELOW INTO QUESTIONS. DON'T FORGET TO PUT A QUESTION MARK AT THE END OF THE QUESTION.

1. Ellen and Harry are going to watch TV tonight.

2. We're going to go to the dentist's next week.

3. She's going to have a party for her birthday.

4. I'm going to eat that cake.

5. Bill's going to wear a suit to the wedding.

6. Ann's going to make a sandwich for dinner.

7. It's going to rain soon.

8. You're going to phone Phil tomorrow.

9. We're going to take an umbrella.

10. I'm going to stay at home tonight.

IX. WRITE SENTENCES USING BE GOING TO AND THE FOLLOWING VERBS: LISTEN, PLAY, SING, VISIT and WRITE.

1. They / in the school choir. _____
2. My sister / a book next year. _____
3. We / a football match next week. _____
4. I / Australia in the summer. _____
5. He / to the radio tonight. _____

X. CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER OF THE WORDS IN BOLD.

1. I am feeling energetic. So, I think I **(will / am going to)** wash my car.
2. It has been decided that we **(will / are going to)** to climb Mount Everest next week.
3. -Who wants to come with me to the movie tonight?
-Oh that sounds fun. I **(will / am going to)** come with you.
4. We have already made plans for the vacation. We have decided that we **(will / are going to)** visit Uncle Bill in Montana.
5. Tonight seems like a nice night to be outside. I think I **(will / am going to)** go for a walk after dinner.
6. -Have you thought about what you want to do after college?
-Yes, I have decided that I **(will / am going to)** become an engineer.
7. I guess I **(will / am going to)** help you clean the kitchen if no one else will.
8. My car tires look low on air. I think I **(will / am going to)** fill them up at the next gas station.
9. The weather man said that it **(will / is going to)** rain tomorrow.
10. Okay, I have an idea. After we play the game, we **(will / are going to)** get some ice cream!
11. I think my dad said we **(will / are going to)** go to the beach this weekend.
12. If the bus **(will not / is not going to)** start, how will we get to school on time?

a. Select "True" or "False" to answer each question.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| 1. We have many kinds of robots now. | T | F |
| 2. The Auto Mower is a robot that vacuums. | T | F |
| 3. The Auto Mower has sensors that detect where objects are. | T | F |
| 4. Cars with GPS systems can give you directions. | T | F |
| 5. In the future cars will drive themselves automatically. | T | F |
| 6. Aibo is a robotic cat. | T | F |

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

The present perfect tense describes a past action connected with the present time. Form the present perfect tense by placing HAVE/HAS before the past participle of the verb.

I have worked. You have worked. He has worked. She has worked. It has worked. We have worked. They have worked.	I've worked. You have worked. He's worked. She's worked. It's worked. We've worked. They've worked.	Yo he trabajado. Tu has trabajado. El ha trabajado. Ella ha trabajado. Eso ha trabajado. Nosotros hemos trabajado. Ellos han trabajado.
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I. Fill in the blanks with the present perfect form of the verb in parentheses.

1. I _____ to him about it several times. (speak)
2. We _____ all our homework. (finish)
3. He _____ us many times. (visit)
4. She _____ my book at last. (return)
5. I am afraid that I _____ my car keys. (lose)
6. We _____ in Mexico many times. (be)
7. I _____ this exercise before. (study)
8. We _____ many new words in this course. (learn)
9. My family _____ to Montreal. (be)
10. I _____ that story before. (hear)
11. We _____ money to them several times. (lend)
12. Mr. Petridis _____ to South America to work. (go)
13. His uncle _____ computer science for years. (teach)
14. She _____ that movie three times. (see)
15. He _____ and _____ several fortunes. (make, lose)

PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE (NEGATIVE AND QUESTION FORMS)

- Form the questions with the present perfect tense by placing *have/has* before the subject.
- Form the negative of the present perfect tense by placing *not* after *have/has*. The contractions are *haven't* and *hasn't*.

Affirmative He has seen it.	Question Has he seen it?	Negative He hasn't seen it.
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II. Change these statements to questions and then give a negative answer as in the example. Use the contraction of have/has + not.

1. He has worked very hard.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

2. She has been there for many years.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

3. They have waited there a long time.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

4. The movie has been seen by millions of people.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

5. Mr. And Mrs. Sato have studied English.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

6. Alan has been absent.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

7. They have found a pen.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

8. He has been the best student all year.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

9. They have lived in Caracas since 1983.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

10. The two nations have quarreled for many years.

Question: _____

Negative: _____

III. Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in present perfect tense.

1) Mark (eat) _____ dinner already. He is not hungry.

2) Beth (write) _____ three letters today. She misses her family.

3) Yoko and Armand (take) _____ the test. Now they can relax.

4) Marty and I (be) _____ to Costa Rica three times. We are familiar with the culture.

5) I (drink) _____ six cups of water today.

6) Eva (sing) _____ in a chorus before. Her voice is pretty.

7) Chong-Li (get) _____ very good at speaking English. She has practiced a lot.

8) Lucy (hide) _____ in the woods. Now her friends will try to find her.

9) It (be) _____ a good week so far.

10) You (show) _____ that you are a hard worker. Good job!

IV. Write negative sentences in present perfect simple.

1. Sarah / not / wash the dishes.

2. Anita / not / clean the kitchen.

3. Mau and Gabriel / not / water the plants.

4. Joe / not / make his bed.

5. David / not / buy milk.

6. Lisa / not / be to the baker's.

7. Cris and Jack / not / do their homework.

8. Jane and Ben / not / tidy up their rooms.

9. Alex / not / feed the hamster.

10. Gael / not / empty the bin.

III. Supply SINCE or FOR.

1. He has lived here _____ two years.

2. She has worked here _____ 1999.

3. I have been waiting here _____ three hours.

4. He has been living in New York _____ 2005.

5. We have waiting for you _____ three o'clock.

6. We have known each other _____ many years.

IV. Write questions in present perfect simple.

1. you / answer / the question?

2. Jenny / lock / the door?

3. Walter / call / us?

4. you / see / the picture?

5. your parents / get / the letter?

6. it / rain / a lot?

7. how often / we / sing / the song?

8. Maureen / watch / the film?

9. how many books / Bob / read?

10. ever / you / be / to London?

Adverbs of Frequency.

A. Choose the correct answer.

1. I _____ go to the gym on weekends.
a) always b) never c) sometimes
2. She _____ drinks coffee in the morning.
a) usually b) rarely c) never
3. We _____ eat vegetables. They are healthy.
a) often b) never c) sometimes
4. They _____ play soccer after school.
a) often b) never c) rarely
5. I _____ go to bed late on weekdays.
a) never b) sometimes c) always
6. She _____ forgets her homework.
a) never b) always c) often
7. My parents _____ travel in summer.
a) usually b) rarely c) always
8. He _____ eats breakfast; he's always in a hurry.
a) never b) often c) sometimes
9. We _____ go swimming when it's hot.
a) sometimes b) always c) rarely
11. I _____ watch movies on Netflix.
a) usually b) never c) always
12. They _____ arrive on time.
a) rarely b) always c) sometimes
13. My brother _____ plays video games on weekends.
a) often b) never c) rarely
14. She _____ eats fast food. She prefers homemade meals.
a) rarely b) often c) always
15. I _____ study English in the afternoon.
a) usually b) never c) sometimes

16. We _____ go to the park when it rains.
a) rarely b) often c) always
17. He _____ takes the bus to school.
a) usually b) never c) rarely
18. They _____ help each other with homework.
a) often b) never c) sometimes
19. I _____ forget my keys at home.
a) sometimes b) never c) usually
20. She _____ smiles. She's a very happy person.
a) always b) rarely c) never
21. We _____ eat ice cream in winter.
a) rarely b) always c) sometimes
22. He _____ plays the guitar in his free time.
a) often b) never c) rarely
23. I _____ go shopping on Saturdays.
a) usually b) sometimes c) rarely
24. They _____ study for exams at the last minute.
a) always b) sometimes c) never
25. My sister _____ cleans her room. It's always messy!
a) never b) often c) usually
26. We _____ eat dinner together as a family.
a) always b) rarely c) sometimes
27. He _____ listens to music while studying.
a) often b) never c) rarely
28. I _____ drink tea. I prefer coffee.
a) rarely b) always c) often
29. She _____ goes to the gym because she's very busy.
a) rarely b) often c) always
30. They _____ travel abroad for vacation.
a) usually b) sometimes c) rarely
31. He _____ helps his parents at home.
a) often b) never c) sometimes

32. We _____ play board games on rainy days.
a) usually b) never c) rarely
33. I _____ wake up early on Sundays.
a) rarely b) always c) sometimes
34. My teacher _____ gives us homework on Fridays.
a) never b) always c) rarely
35. She _____ takes photos when she travels.
a) always b) rarely c) sometimes
36. They _____ go out to eat on special occasions.
a) usually b) never c) often
37. I _____ read before going to sleep.
a) often b) rarely c) never
38. He _____ eats breakfast at school.
a) sometimes b) never c) always
39. We _____ visit our grandparents on Sundays.
a) usually b) rarely c) sometimes
40. She _____ forgets people's names.
a) rarely b) often c) never

Simple Past vs. Past Continuous

Simple Past

We use the **simple past** to talk about:

Completed actions, **habits** and **facts** in the past.



- I **went** to the cinema **yesterday**.
- I **always visited** my grandparents in my summer holidays **when I was little**.
- I **lived** near Liverpool for a couple of years.

Past Continuous

The **past continuous** is used to express:

Interrupted actions, **specific time** as an **interruption** and **parallel** actions.



- I **was watching** TV **when** the phone rang.
- **Last night at 7pm**, I **was having** dinner.
- **While** she **was doing** her homework her brother **was playing** football.

PAST SIMPLE vs. PAST PROGRESSIVE

I. Complete the sentences in Simple past tense.

1. The cat _____ from the garden. (not escape)
2. They _____ with me about the album. (agree)
3. _____ He _____ to start the car? (try)
4. No, he _____.
5. We _____ the funfair a lot. (enjoy)
6. Tell me, what _____ (happen)?
7. She _____ at a zebra crossing. (not stop)
8. I _____ working until late. (carry on)
9. Alfie _____ his driving test again. (fail)
10. I _____ my teeth. (brush)
11. Tom _____ tennis with his friends. (not play)
12. They _____ for their exam. (study)
13. Susan _____ to me quietly. (talk)
14. Thomas _____ me with my homework. (help)
15. Daniel _____ his car. (wash)
16. The baby _____ a lot. (cry)
17. The man _____ so fast. (walk)
18. _____ The mechanic _____ the car? (fix)
19. My mother _____ the flowers. (water)
20. _____ The policeman _____ the bus. (stop)
21. _____ Alicia _____ her bag? (carry)
22. She _____ the door. (open)
23. _____ Sonia _____ train? (miss)
24. Yes, she _____.
25. I _____ my teacher. (like)

II. Put the verbs into the correct form (Past Progressive or Continuous).

1. When I phoned my friends, they (play) _____ monopoly.
2. Yesterday at six I (prepare) _____ dinner.
3. I (practise) _____ the guitar when he came home.
4. We (not / cycle) _____ all day.
5. While Aaron (work) _____ in his room, his Friends (swim) _____ in the pool.

6. I tried to tell them the truth but they (listen / not) _____.
7. What (you / do) _____ yesterday?
8. Most of the time we (sit) _____ in the park.
9. Julie (sleep) _____ at three o'clock.
10. Mrs Brown (not/walk) _____ in the garden when the murder happened.

III. Use *past simple* for the shorter action and *past progressive* for the longer one.

1. I _____ (watch) TV when my mom _____ (call) me.
2. She _____ (cook) dinner when the lights _____ (go) out.
3. They _____ (walk) to school when it _____ (start) to rain.
4. We _____ (study) when the teacher _____ (enter) the classroom.
5. He _____ (drive) home when he _____ (see) an accident.
6. I _____ (sleep) when the phone _____ (ring).
7. She _____ (wash) the dishes when her friend _____ (arrive).
8. They _____ (play) football when it suddenly _____ (begin) to snow.
9. We _____ (have) lunch when my dad _____ (come) back from work.
10. He _____ (read) a book when his sister _____ (ask) for help.
11. I _____ (write) an email when my computer _____ (crash).
12. The children _____ (run) outside when it _____ (stop) raining.
13. She _____ (paint) her nails when someone _____ (knock) on the door.
14. We _____ (listen) to music when the teacher _____ (say) "Be quiet."
15. They _____ (dance) when the DJ _____ (play) their favorite song.
16. I _____ (talk) on the phone when my battery _____ (die).
17. He _____ (fix) the car when he _____ (hurt) his hand.
18. She _____ (do) her homework when her friend _____ (send) a message.
19. We _____ (watch) a movie when the doorbell _____ (ring).
20. They _____ (have) breakfast when their cat _____ (jump) on the table.
21. I _____ (take) a shower when the water _____ (turn) cold.
22. She _____ (clean) her room when her mom _____ (arrive) home.
23. They _____ (play) cards when the lights _____ (go) out.
24. He _____ (drive) to work when he _____ (see) a rainbow.
25. We _____ (wait) for the bus when it finally _____ (come).

IV. Use *past progressive* in both parts or *past simple* for the shorter action.

26. While I _____ (walk) to school, I _____ (meet) my best friend.
27. She _____ (read) a book while he _____ (watch) TV.
28. They _____ (play) football while it _____ (rain).
29. We _____ (eat) dinner while our parents _____ (talk).
30. He _____ (listen) to music while he _____ (study).
31. While I _____ (take) a shower, someone _____ (knock) on the door.
32. She _____ (cook) while her husband _____ (set) the table.
33. They _____ (sleep) while the storm _____ (get) stronger.
34. We _____ (walk) home while the sun _____ (shine).
35. While I _____ (wait) for you, I _____ (read) a magazine.
36. She _____ (paint) a picture while her brother _____ (play) video games.
37. They _____ (have) lunch while the baby _____ (cry).
38. While we _____ (travel) to the city, it _____ (start) to rain.
39. I _____ (study) English while my sister _____ (listen) to music.
40. He _____ (work) in the garden while his kids _____ (ride) their bikes.
41. While the teacher _____ (explain) the lesson, some students _____ (talk).
42. They _____ (laugh) while they _____ (watch) a comedy movie.
43. We _____ (play) chess while our friends _____ (make) sandwiches.
44. While I _____ (wash) the dishes, my dad _____ (call) me.
45. She _____ (walk) to the park while her dog _____ (run) beside her.
46. While he _____ (drive), his phone _____ (ring).
47. They _____ (talk) about the trip while they _____ (wait) for the train.
48. While we _____ (have) breakfast, the news _____ (start).
49. She _____ (write) an email while her boss _____ (prepare) a meeting.
50. While I _____ (read) a story, my little brother _____ (sleep).

AND, BUT, OR, SO, BECAUSE CONJUNCTIONS

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AND	SIMILAR IDEAS	He's a plumber, and she is a teacher.
BUT	CONTRAST	I studied a lot, but I failed the exam.
OR	TWO POSSIBILITIES	Do you prefer tea or coffee?
SO	RESULT	It was cold, so I turned on the heating.
BECAUSE	REASON	I turned on the heating because it was cold.

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Conjunctions – Multiple Choice (but / so / and / or)

I. Choose the correct option to complete each sentence.

- I like coffee, _____ I don't like tea.
a) and b) but c) so d) or
- She is tired, _____ she wants to go to bed early.
a) so b) and c) but d) or
- We went to the park _____ played football.
a) so b) and c) but d) or

4. Would you like pizza _____ pasta for dinner?
a) and b) but c) or d) so
5. It was raining, _____ we stayed at home.
a) and b) or c) so d) but
6. She is friendly _____ everyone likes her.
a) and b) or c) but d) so
7. I wanted to go out, _____ I had a lot of homework.
a) or b) so c) but d) and
8. He speaks English _____ Spanish fluently.
a) or b) so c) but d) and
9. You can watch a movie _____ read a book.
a) and b) or c) but d) so
10. She was cold, _____ she closed the window.
a) but b) and c) so d) or
11. I like apples _____ I don't like bananas.
a) so b) or c) but d) and
12. We were hungry, _____ we made sandwiches.
a) so b) or c) but d) and
13. He is tall _____ strong.
a) so b) and c) but d) or
14. Do you prefer to stay home _____ go out tonight?
a) and b) or c) so d) but
15. I like your shoes, _____ they were expensive.
a) so b) but c) or d) and
16. She studied hard, _____ she passed the exam.
a) or b) so c) and d) but
17. My brother is funny _____ kind.
a) and b) but c) so d) or
18. You can have tea _____ coffee.
a) or b) but c) so d) and
19. He was tired _____ he didn't stop working.
a) or b) so c) and d) but

20. It's late, _____ we should go home.
a) but b) and c) or d) so
21. She loves dogs _____ cats.
a) but b) so c) and d) or
22. I want to buy a new phone _____ I don't have enough money.
a) and b) or c) so d) but
23. He is smart _____ hardworking.
a) or b) and c) but d) so
24. Do you want tea _____ juice?
a) and b) or c) but d) so
25. I was hungry, _____ I made a sandwich.
a) and b) or c) but d) so
26. She likes reading _____ she doesn't like writing.
a) and b) or c) so d) but
27. We visited the museum _____ then went to the park.
a) so b) and c) or d) but
28. He was late, _____ he missed the bus.
a) but b) so c) and d) or
29. You can stay here _____ go with them.
a) and b) or c) but d) so
30. She is pretty _____ shy.
a) and b) or c) so d) but
31. I like summer _____ winter.
a) and b) or c) but d) so
32. He wanted to help, _____ he didn't know how.
a) or b) so c) and d) but
33. She studied hard _____ she got a good grade.
a) so b) and c) but d) or
34. We were tired _____ happy.
a) or b) and c) but d) so
35. You can go to the party _____ stay at home.
a) and b) or c) so d) but

36. It was sunny, _____ we went to the beach.
a) and b) so c) or d) but
37. She has a bike _____ she never uses it.
a) but b) so c) and d) or
38. I like swimming _____ running.
a) or b) so c) but d) and
39. We can take the bus _____ the train.
a) and b) or c) so d) but
40. He was sick, _____ he didn't go to school.
a) and b) so c) or d) but
41. She is nice _____ very intelligent.
a) and b) or c) so d) but
42. It's cold today, _____ take your jacket.
a) or b) but c) so d) and
43. I wanted to watch a movie, _____ I fell asleep.
a) so b) but c) and d) or
44. We went to the zoo _____ saw many animals.
a) but b) and c) so d) or
45. Would you like milk _____ juice with your breakfast?
a) or b) and c) so d) but
46. I studied a lot, _____ I passed the test.
a) or b) and c) so d) but
47. She is beautiful _____ talented.
a) and b) but c) or d) so
48. He didn't have money, _____ he couldn't buy the ticket.
a) or b) so c) and d) but
49. I wanted to go out, _____ it started to rain.
a) or b) so c) but d) and
50. We were tired, _____ we went to bed early.
a) and b) but c) so d) or